



PAPIAMENTO



VIVIENDA ACCESIBEL

<p>Ponencia 1: Gobierno mester subsidia Proyecto di Vivienda pa hasi cas mas accesibel pa famianan cu tin entrada mas abou.</p>	<p>RAIZ ta para pa aumenta e accesibilidad di vivienda pa esnan di tur edad, na un forma responsabel y incorporando principionan di sostenibilidad y energia renobabel cu ta contribui na un bida digno pa nos ciudadanonan.</p>
<p>Ponencia 2: Mester introduci medidanan pa controla e prijs di huur y preveni subimento halto den costo di vivienda.</p>	<p>E mercado di vivienda a wordo desbalansa door di un influx grandi di compra di cas door di stranhero. Regulacion efectivo pa mitiga compra di vivienda door di stranhero pa proposito otro cu vivienda propio y no pa negoshi, lo reduci prijs di huur y costo di vivienda.</p>
<p>Ponencia 3: Cumpradornan di exterior mester paga un impuesto adicional riba compra di propiedad pa reduci e falta di vivienda.</p>	<p>RAIZ ta kere firmemente cu den e capacidad teritorial limita cu Aruba tin, nos localnan mester tin e prioridad pa yega na nan vivienda propio. Ta propone cu benta na extranhero mester wordo limita a base di rekisitonan y condicionnan adicional, p.e. limita e cantidad di propiedad cu por cumpra y/o aumenta e periodo cu mester mester ta residente anualmente.</p>



COSTO DI BIDA	
<p>Ponencia 4: Salario minimo mester yega na un nivel pa por cubri gastonan basico di bida.</p>	<p>Mas aun, ta para pa dignidad economico. Salario minimo mester ta na un nivel adecua pa biba un bida digno. Esaki ta encera mas cu cubri solamente gastonan basico.</p>
<p>Ponencia 5: Accijns riba producto di luho mester wordo usa pa yuda combati pobresa y sostene servicio social.</p>	<p>Aplicando un impuesto riba producto di luho pa combati pobresa no ta un forma sostenibel pa combati pobresa y financia servicio social.</p>
<p>Ponencia 6: Gobierno mester implementa medidanan pa hasi e costo di bida mas accesibel pa tur residente di Aruba.</p>	<p>Un reforma fiscal y modelo di Dignidad Economico ta e instrumentonan mas fuerte pa controla costo di bida y un bon calidad di bida.</p>
<p>Ponencia 7: Apoyo adicional mester wordu duna na pensionadonan cu tin dificultad cu costo di bida.</p>	<p>RAIZ ta dirigi su mes na mantene nos Adul-tonan Mayor mas largo activo den comunidad, apoyo pa fortifica e red social y cuidu informal, reduci presion fiscal y alabes introduci subsidio personalisa (persoonsgebonden subsidie) pa esnan den necesidad di cuidu. Pa esaki lo uza un Tourism People Enhancement Fund como fondo pa reinverti den nos hendenan.</p>
DIVERSIFICACION DI ECONOMIA	
<p>Ponencia 8: Gobierno mester duna preferencia na desaroyo den sector di tecnologia y innovacion.</p>	<p>Ta di opinion cu Gobierno mester duna preferencia na sector di tecnologia, innovacion, sostenibilidad, agricultura y sector creativo.</p>

Compas di Vota

Contestanan



<p>Ponencia 9: Impuesto di turismo mester wordu ahusta pa yuda cu desaroyo di otro sector di economia.</p>	<p>Impuesto di turismo mester yega bek na nos hendenan, nos educacion, deporte, salubridad, transporte, naturalesa, industria creativo y cultural, medio ambiente y cambio climatico. Pa esaki mester re-evalua e reparticion di e impuesto di turismo, y tambe duna instruccion concreto encunto uzo di Tourism People Enhancement Fund como fondo pa reinverti den nos hendenan.</p>
<p>Ponencia 10: Iniciativanan di agricultura local mester ricibi subsidio pa reduci dependencia di Aruba riba importacion di cuminda.</p>	<p>Inciativanan cu ta muestra factible a termino largo por tin necesidad di capital pa cuminsa, pero un sector cu ta depende di subsidio no ta bai ta sostenibel. Gobierno tin e rol pa facilita condicionnan substancial pa sector priva mes empuha e industria aki.</p>
<p>Ponencia 11: Inversion den industria creativo (pelicula, musica, moda) mester forma parti di diversificacion economico di Aruba.</p>	<p>Ta di opinion cu mester crea e cuadro legal/ fiscal pa e industria creativo por realmente crece y ser reconoci como un sector nobo. Promove proteccion di propiedad, reconoce San Nicolas como nos destinacion cultural intelectual, den programanan pa "creative entrepreneurship" y educacion cultural y creativo como tambe pa promove nos creatividad y cultura cu "Made in Aruba" como un marca global.</p>
<p>Ponencia 12: Gobierno mester reduci bareranan pa empresario chikito y entrepreneurs.</p>	<p>Mientras cu e proceso di introduci un VAT lo tuma su tempo, tin un plan cu accionnan concreto, cla pa implementa pa asina baha e presion administrativo y baha presion riba e cashflow pa comerciantenan chikito y mediano.</p>



TURISMO SOSTENIBEL

Ponencia 13: E cantidad di turista mester wordo limita pa proteha naturalesa di Aruba.

Nos ta para pa proteccion di naturalesa p'esey lo introduci moratorio definitivo di mas hotel, como tambe riba expansion di hotelnan existente, y limita cantidad di acomodacionnan alternativo pa asina limita e number di bishitante riba nos isla. Un modelo di turismo balansa y sostenibel lo preserva Aruba su recursonan natural, ta duna sosten na comunidad local y ta mehora e experience di e bishitante.

Ponencia 14: Tur hotel y resort mester cumpli cu certificacion trato di medio ambiente sostenibel.

RAIZ lo eleva e condicionnan di construccion severamente pa medio di 'Build with Nature', y pone condicion pa certificacion manera LEED Certification, Earth Check y otro tipo di condicionnan sostenibel.

Ponencia 15: Mester dedica mas fondo pa restaura area naturalnan cu turismo a afecta.

Fondo nan di e environmental levy lo mester bay den su totalidad y directamente den fondo di naturalesa y sostenibilidad pa no solamente restaura sino proteha Aruba su sistema ecologico y biodiversidad den tur forma.

CONDICIONNAN LABORAL

Ponencia 16: Gobierno mester importa trahado cu e habilidad corecto pa sector cu tin falta di personal.

Prioridad ta pa atrae nos hendenan pa regresa nos Pais, na di dos lugar ta percura cu esnan akinan tin acceso na educacion continuo y di tres ta e importacion di trahado. Pa logra esaki tambe mester di un bon analisis y conexion entre educacion y demanda riba e mercado laboral.



Ponencia 17: Gobierno mester introduci opcion di trabou flexibel pa yuda cu balansa entre trabou y bida personal.

Ta propone pa establece un ArboWet den cual ta introduci modelonan di Trabou Flexibel (remote / hybrid), como tambe salarionan y orario di trabao adapta na cada sector pa contribui na un sociedad resistente, innovativo y moderno cu ta necesario pa Aruba. Alabes ta tene cuenta cu por ehempel temperatura halto ocasiona door di cambio climatico cu ta afecta salud y prestacion. Di e forma aki ta crea e balansa, e satisfaccion di trabao y productividad y alabes teniendo cuenta cu otro factornan cu tin impacto riba nos salud y prestacion.

Energia Alternativo

Ponencia 18: Gobierno mester inverti den infraestructura di energia solar y di biento mester wordo amplia pa reduci dependencia di petroleo.

Aruba mester produci mas energia renobabel capitalisando riba recursonan cu Aruba tin na abundancia, cual ta solo y biento sin mester bai a costo di nos naturalesa. Ta necesario pa acelera e transicion energetico pa medio di un infraestructura mas robusto, unda cu e personanan cu ta desea di tin panel solar por haya esaki sin mucho restriccion.

Ponencia 19: Propietarionan di cas y negoshinan mester ricibi apoyo financiero pa instala panel solar.

Gobierno por facilita e transicion for di energia di fossil na energia renobabel, sin cu ta necesario cu Gobierno ta ricibi extra entrada riba importacion di productonan cu ta necesario pa logra esaki. Esaki lo promove e transicion tanto pa comerciante como casnan priva. Pero tambe mester priorisa negoshi chikiito y mediano (SME) y doñonan di cas.



CUIDO DI SALUD Y SALUD MENTAL

<p>Ponencia 20: Gobierno mester aumenta fondo pa salud mental pa haci nan mas accesibel pa tur hende.</p>	<p>Mester aloca fondo pa inclui ayudo psicologico den pakete basico di AZV pa asina hisa e disponibilidad di psicologonan cu por yuda atende cu e problemanan di salud mental.</p>
<p>Ponencia 21: Proveedor local di cuidado mester ricibi incentiva pa keda traha na Aruba.</p>	<p>Proveedor di cuidado local mester mas atencion, oportunidad pa sigui crece, y salario competitivo conforme mercado.</p>

MIGRACION

<p>Ponencia 22: Maneho di inmigracion mester duna preferencia na trahado cu habilidad pa yuda cubri e falta di personal</p>	<p>Prioridad ta pa atrea nos hendenan pa regresa nos Pais, na di dos lugar ta percura cu esnan akinan tin acceso na educacion continuo y di tres ta e importacion di trahado. Pa logra esaki tambe mester di un bon analisis y conexion entre educacion y demanda riba e mercado laboral.</p>
<p>Ponencia 23: Permisionan temporario pa trahado stranhero mester wordo acelera pa sector cu tin hopi tardanza.</p>	<p>Nos ta contra tardansa en general den tur procesonan gubernamental.</p>

ENSEÑANSA Y CULTURA

<p>Ponencia 24: Enseñansa na Aruba mester pone enfoke mas grandi riba preserva y siña cultura y historia local.</p>	<p>E curiculo actual lo mester ser adapta pa concentra tambe riba e alumno su interes, talento y habilidad y no solamente e factor intelectual. Expande e curiculo cu tecnologia, agricultura/ naturalesa, expression creativo y deporte como posibel opcion pa sigui studia pero tambe pa forma nos hendenan cu un grado mas halto di auto determinacion.</p>
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Compas di Vota

Contestanan



<p>Ponencia 25: Enseñansa na Aruba mester pone enfoke mas grandi riba preserva y siña cultura y historia local.</p>	<p>Arte y cultura ta parti di nos “tourism product” y pa promove esey mester realoca entrada di turismo pa sostene programa di expresion creativo, deporte y herencia cultural.</p>
<p>Ponencia 26: Gobierno mester inverti den programanan pa retene young professionals di Aruba y reduci exodo di talent local ‘brain drain’.</p>	<p>Debenan di estudio ta un peso grandi pa young professionals. Un forma pa Aruba keda atractivo ta door di duna studiantenan grace period largo y sin interest, prome cu mester cuminsa paga riba e debe, y opcion cu debe ta caduca bow cierto circunstancia.</p>

BON GOBERNACION Y FINANZAS

<p>Ponencia 27: Funcionario di gobierno mester sigui regulacion mas stricto pa cu transparencia y anti-corupcion.</p>	<p>Accountability, checks and balances adecua, digitalisacion y transparencia activo den procesonan gubernamental lo contribui na preveni actonan corruptivo. Leynan anticua ta stroba desaroyo general, y banda di esey digitalisacion di procesonan cu meta pa aumenta transparencia ta necesario pa combati corrupcion di manera mas eficaz</p>
<p>Ponencia 28: Relacionan cu reino mester ta prioridad pa por crea respect mutuo y cooperacion.</p>	<p>Ta na favor di cooperacion sano entre e paisnan den reino Hulandes, na bienestar di tur ciudadano den reino.</p>
<p>Ponencia 29: Reduci e debe di Aruba mester bay prome cu gobierno crea gasto nobo.</p>	<p>Gobierno por crea gasto nobo y paga pa esaki door di re-aloca fondonan cu ya caba e ta ricibi, si esaki ta necesario pa un alocacion husto a base di prioridadnan real di nos comunidad. No ta asina cu mester scohe entre baha debe y crea gasto nobo.</p>
<p>Ponencia 30: Inversion den infraestructura esencial mester wordo aumenta pa apoya crecimiento economico y bienestar publico.</p>	<p>Infraestructura mester wordo manteni consistentemente y aumento mester bin den infraestructura digital y tecnologico, entre otro den sector medico, infraestructura di servicionan social, infraestructura cu ta dirigi na resiliencia y sostenibilidad teniendo cuenta cu efectonan y riesgonan di cambio climatico.</p>



ENGLISH



AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Statement 1: The government should subsidize housing projects to make homes affordable for low-income families.

RAIZ advocates for increasing housing accessibility for all age groups in a responsible manner, integrating principles of sustainability and renewable energy to support a dignified life for our citizens.

Statement 2: Rent control measures should be implemented to prevent rapid increases in housing costs.

The housing market has been disrupted by a significant influx of foreign property buyers. Effective regulations to mitigate foreign purchases for purposes other than personal residence, and not for business, would help reduce rental prices and housing costs.

Statement 3: Foreign buyers should pay an additional tax on property purchases to reduce housing scarcity.

RAIZ firmly believes that, given Aruba's limited territorial capacity, locals must have priority in achieving homeownership. It proposes limiting foreign property purchases by implementing additional requirements and conditions, such as restrictions on the number of properties that can be purchased and/or increasing residency period requirements annually.

COST OF LIVING

Statement 4: The minimum wage should be increased to provide a living wage for all workers.

Economic dignity must take precedence. Minimum wages should be at a level that supports a dignified life, encompassing more than just basic expenses.

Compas di Vota

Answers



<p>Statement 5: Taxes on luxury goods should fund poverty alleviation and social services.</p>	<p>Applying taxes to luxury goods to combat poverty is not a sustainable way to address poverty or finance social services.</p>
<p>Statement 6: The government should implement measures to make living costs more affordable for Aruban residents.</p>	<p>Fiscal reforms and an Economic Dignity Model are the strongest tools to manage the cost of living and ensure a good quality of life.</p>
<p>Statement 7: Additional support should be provided for retirees facing high costs of living.</p>	<p>RAIZ aims to keep senior citizens engaged in the community for longer, strengthening social networks and informal care, thereby reducing fiscal pressure. It also proposes personalized subsidies for those in need of care, funded by a Tourism People Enhancement Fund reinvested into the population.</p>

DIVERSIFYING THE ECONOMY

<p>Statement 8: The government should prioritize developing the tech and innovation sectors.</p>	<p>The government should prioritize sectors such as technology, innovation, sustainability, agriculture, and creative industries.</p>
<p>Statement 9: Taxes on tourism should support the growth of other economic sectors.</p>	<p>Tourism taxes should directly benefit areas such as education, sports, healthcare, transportation, nature conservation, creative and cultural industries, the environment, and climate change. A reevaluation of the allocation of tourism taxes is necessary, alongside clear guidelines for the use of the Tourism People Enhancement Fund.</p>
<p>Statement 10: Local agricultural initiatives should receive subsidies to reduce Aruba's dependence on imported food.</p>	<p>Initiatives that prove long-term feasibility may require initial capital but must not depend on subsidies to remain sustainable. The government should create substantial conditions for private sector initiatives to drive these industries forward.</p>



<p>Statement 11: Investment in creative industries (e.g., film, music, fashion) should be part of Aruba’s economic diversification.</p>	<p>A legal and fiscal framework is needed to ensure the creative industry grows and is recognized as a new sector. This includes protecting intellectual property, establishing San Nicolas as a cultural destination, and integrating cultural and creative education into "creative entrepreneurship" programs as well as promoting creativity and culture by making the 'Made in Aruba'a global label.</p>
<p>Statement 12: The government should reduce barriers for small business owners and entrepreneurs.</p>	<p>While introducing VAT will take time, a clear plan with actionable steps must be implemented to reduce administrative burdens and cash flow pressures for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs).</p>

Sustainable Tourism

<p>Statement 13: Tourist numbers should be capped to protect Aruba's natural environment.</p>	<p>To protect nature, RAIZ proposes a definitive moratorium on new hotels, hotel expansions, and a limitation on alternative accommodations. This would help cap the number of visitors, ensuring a balanced and sustainable tourism model that preserves Aruba's natural resources, supports the local community, and enhances visitor experiences.</p>
<p>Statement 14: All hotels and resorts should be required to meet eco-friendly certification standards.</p>	<p>Construction standards should be elevated through "Build with Nature" principles and certifications such as LEED or Earth Check to promote sustainable development.</p>
<p>Statement 15: More funds should be allocated to restore natural areas affected by tourism.</p>	<p>Funds collected from environmental levies must be fully and directly allocated to nature and sustainability initiatives, focusing on restoring and protecting Aruba’s ecosystems and biodiversity.</p>



LABOR CONDITIONS

Statement 16: The government should recruit skilled workers from abroad for sectors facing shortages.

Priorities include attracting locals back to Aruba, ensuring ongoing education for those already residing on the island, and importing skilled labor as needed. A comprehensive analysis connecting education to labor market demands is critical.

Statement 17: The government should mandate flexible work options to improve work-life balance.

RAIZ advocates for establishing an ArboWet (Occupational Health Act), introducing flexible work models (remote/hybrid), and adapting work hours and salaries to sector-specific needs. This approach aims to improve job satisfaction, productivity, and resilience while considering factors like climate change-induced heat that impacts health and performance. This way, we can find a balance between work satisfaction and productivity while considering factors that affect our health and performance.

Renewable Energy

Statement 18: Government investments in wind and solar infrastructure should be expanded to reduce oil dependence.

Aruba should capitalize on its abundant resources, such as sunlight and wind, to produce more renewable energy without harming nature. Accelerating the energy transition requires robust infrastructure and reduced restrictions on solar panel installations.

Statement 19: Homeowners and businesses should receive financial support for installing solar panels.

The government can facilitate the transition from fossil fuels to renewable energy without having to generate extra income on import of essential products for this shift. Priority should be given to business owners, SMEs and homeowners for accessibility and affordability.



HEALTHCARE AND MENTAL HEALTH

Ponencia 20: Gobierno mester aumenta fondo pa salud mental pa haci nan mas accesibel pa tur hende.

Funds should be allocated to include psychological support in the basic AZV package, increasing access to mental health services.

Statement 21: Local healthcare providers should be incentivized to stay and practice in Aruba.

Local healthcare providers deserve more attention, opportunities for growth, and competitive salaries aligned with market conditions.

MIGRATION

Statement 22: Immigration policies should prioritize skilled workers to address labor shortages.

Attracting locals back to Aruba should be our first priority, secondly, ensuring ongoing education opportunities for residents, and thirdly, selectively importing skilled labor based on market needs are essential. A thorough analysis connecting education and labor demands is critical.

Statement 23: Temporary work permits should be expedited for foreign workers in sectors with high demand.

RAIZ opposes excessive delays in all government processes.

EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Statement 24: Education in Aruba should place a greater emphasis on preserving and teaching local culture and history.

The current curriculum should be adapted to focus on students' interests, talents, and abilities, beyond just intellectual factors. This includes expanding it to include technology, agriculture/nature, creative expression, and sports as pathways for further study and self-determination.



<p>Statement 25: The government should increase funding to support arts and cultural programs across the island.</p>	<p>Arts and culture are integral to Aruba’s tourism product. To promote these areas, a reallocation of tourism revenues is necessary to support creative expression, sports, and cultural heritage programs.</p>
<p>Statement 26: Programs to retain skilled Aruban graduates and reduce brain drain should receive government investment.</p>	<p>The burden of student loans is significant for young professionals. Aruba can remain attractive by offering extended grace periods with no interest before repayment begins and provisions for loan forgiveness under specific circumstances.</p>
<h2>GOOD GOVERNANCE AND FINANCES</h2>	
<p>Statement 27: Government officials should be subject to stricter transparency and anti-corruption regulations.</p>	<p>Accountability, adequate checks and balances, digitalization, and active transparency in government processes will help prevent corruption. Antiquated laws hinder general development, and digitalization to increase transparency is crucial for combating corruption effectively.</p>
<p>Statement 28: Relations within the Kingdom should be prioritized to foster mutual respect and cooperation.</p>	<p>RAIZ supports healthy cooperation within the Dutch Kingdom, prioritizing the well-being of all citizens across the Kingdom.</p>
<p>Statement 29: Reducing Aruba’s national debt should take precedence over new government spending.</p>	<p>The government can create new expenditures by reallocating existing funds based on the real priorities of the community, ensuring a fair distribution. This is not a choice between debt reduction and new investments but about balancing priorities.</p>
<p>Statement 30: Investment in essential infrastructure should be increased to support economic growth and public welfare.</p>	<p>Infrastructure must be consistently maintained, with increased investments in digital and technological infrastructure. This includes the medical sector, social services infrastructure, and projects aimed at resilience and sustainability to address climate change risks and impacts.</p>